

Multi- Aperture cores (2873002302)

Part Number: 2873002302

73 MULTI- APERTURE CORE

Explanation of Part Numbers:

- Digits 1 & 2 = Product Class
- Digits 3 & 4 = Material Grade
- Last digit 2 = Burnished

Multi- aperture cores are used in suppression applications and in balun (balance- unbalance) and other broadband transformers. They are also employed in airbag designs to prevent accidental activation.

All multi- aperture cores are supplied burnished.

Our “Multi- Aperture Core Kit” (part number 0199000036) is available for prototype evaluation.

For any multi- aperture requirement not listed here, feel free to contact our customer service group for availability and pricing.

[Catalog Drawing](#)
[3D Model](#)

Weight: 0.1 (g)

Dim	mm	mm tol	nominal inch	inch misc.
A	3.45	±0.25	0.136	—
B	2.35	±0.25	0.093	—
C	2	±0.15	0.079	—
E	1.45	±0.10	0.057	—
H	0.75	+0.25	0.034	—

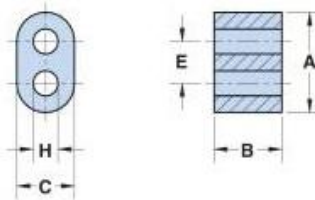


Figure 1

Chart Legend

+ Test frequency

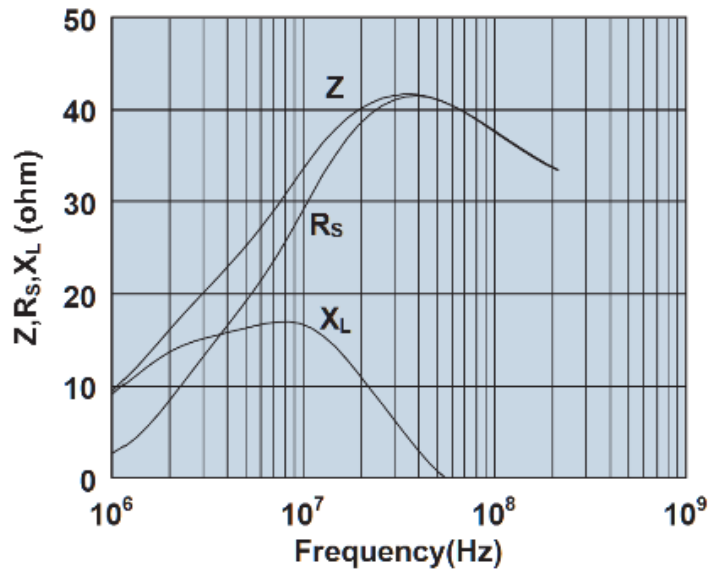
Typical Impedance (Ω)	
10 MHz	35
25 MHz ⁺	44

Multi- aperture cores in 73 and 43 materials are controlled for impedance only. The 61 NiZn material is controlled for both impedance and A_L value. The high frequency 67 material is controlled for A_L value. Minimum impedance values are specified for the + marked frequencies. The minimum impedance is typically the listed impedance less 20%.

Multi- aperture cores in 73 and 43 material are measured for impedance on the 4193A Vector Impedance Analyzer. The 61 and 67 multi- aperture cores are tested on the 4291A Impedance Analyzer. All impedance measurements are performed with a single turn to both holes, using the shortest practical wire length.

The 61 and 67 material multi- hole beads are tested for A_L value. The test frequency is 10 kHz at < 10 gauss. The test winding is five turns wound through both holes.

2873002302



Impedance, reactance, and resistance vs. frequency.